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Important User Information

This document is intended to provide a good understanding of the functionality offered by the Anybus X-gateway Modbus-TCP - Modbus RTU. The reader of this document is expected to be familiar with high level software design, and communication systems in general.

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Warr	ning:	This is a class A product. in a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.
ESD	Note:	This product contains ESD (Electrostatic Discharge) sensitive parts that may be damaged if ESD control procedures are not followed. Static control precautions are required when handling the product. Failure to observe this may cause damage to the product.
Warr	ning:	DO NOT USE SD CARD OR USB CONNECTOR WHILE CIRCUIT IS LIVE UNLESS THE AREA IS KNOWN TO BE FREE OF IGNITABLE CONCENTRATIONS OF FLAMMABLE GAS OR VAPORS.

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P. About This Document

For more information, documentation etc., please visit the HMS website, www.anybus.com.

P.1 Related Documents

Document	Author		
Modbus Application Protocol Specification V1.1B	Modbus Organization		

P.2 Document History

Summary of Recent Changes (1.10... 1.11)

Change	Page(s)	
Corrected pinning description for RS485 connector	20	

Revision List

Revision	Date	Author(s)	Chapter(s)	Description
1.00	2011-06-28	KaD	-	First official release
1.10	2012-11-21	KaD	2, 3, 5, 6, B	Major update
1.11	2013-07-05	KeL	3	Minor correction

P.3 Conventions & Terminology

The following conventions are used throughout this manual:

- Numbered lists provide sequential steps
- Bulleted lists provide information, not procedural steps
- The terms 'Anybus', 'X-gateway' or 'module' refers to the Anybus X-gateway module
- · Hexadecimal values are written in the format NNNNh, where NNNN is the hexadecimal value
- A byte always consists of 8 bits
- The terms 'master', 'scanner', 'client' and 'controller' will be used interchangeably to describe a controlling unit on the network
- The terms 'slave', 'adapter', 'server' and 'device' will be used interchangeably to describe units that are controlled by controlling units on the network

P.4 Support

For general contact information and where to find support, please refer to the contact and support pages at www.hms-networks.com.

1. Getting Started

The purpose of this chapter is to give a short description on how to install the X-gateway and get it up and running, transferring I/O data between the Modbus-TCP network and the Modbus RTU network.

Perform the following steps when installing the module:

- 1. Mount the module. See "Mounting the X-gateway" on page 17 for details.
- 2. Connect the X-gateway to the Modbus-TCP network. See "External View" on page 16.
- **3.** Connect the power cable and apply power.
- **4.** Access the configuration web pages.
 - Connect a PC to the Modbus-TCP network (see "External View" on page 16) and open a web browser. Enter the IP address of the X-gateway and access the configuration web pages. If the IP address of the X-gateway is unknown, use the Anybus IPconfig tool to find it. See "Anybus IPconfig Tool" on page 43.
 - Configure the Modbus-TCP client. See "Modbus Client" on page 32.
 - Set up all Modbus servers and transactions using the configuration web pages. See "Modbus Servers" on page 33 and "Network Configuration" on page 27.
 - Configure the X-gateway slave interface. See "Modbus RTU (Slave Interface)" on page 36.
- 5. Configure the Modbus RTU master. See "Configuring the Modbus RTU Network" on page 9.
- 6. Connect the X-gateway to the Modbus RTU (slave) network. See "External View" on page 16.

2. Anybus X-gateway Modbus-TCP

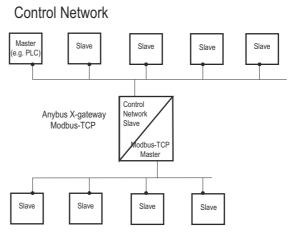
2.1 Introduction

The Anybus X-gateway Modbus-TCP is a series of network gateways, used to provide a seamless connection between a Modbus-TCP network and a controlling network. This particular product connects a Modbus-TCP network to a Modbus RTU network. The X-gateway enables the master of the Modbus RTU network to control the Modbus-TCP network. These X-gateways makes it possible to integrate Modbus-TCP devices into almost any other PLC system and their supported networks.

The X-gateway is based on patented Anybus technology, a proven industrial communication solution used all over the world by leading manufacturers of industrial automation products. Each module offers Modbus-TCP master connectivity to one of these industrial networks: EtherNet/IP, DeviceNet, PROFI-BUS DP-V1, EtherCAT, ControlNet, Modbus RTU, Modbus-TCP, CANopen and PROFINET.

No proprietary configuration software is needed. All necessary configuration is made via the built-in web interface.

The Modbus RTU slave interface is configured with the standard engineering tool of the PLC. No programming is required.



Device Level with Modbus-TCP Slaves

The X-gateway transmits I/O data transparently between the two networks.

2.2 Features

Anybus X-gateways for Modbus-TCP act as intelligent links between two industrial networks. On the Modbus-TCP network, they function as clients (masters) while they function as slaves (servers) on the Modbus RTU network. The implementation is based on the Anybus NP30 ASIC technology.

2.3 Configuring the Modbus RTU Network

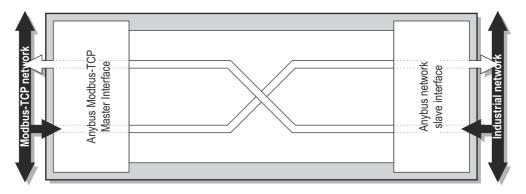
The Anybus X-gateway Modbus-TCP is a Modbus RTU slave (server) on the Modbus RTU network. The general settings for the slave interface are configured using the configuration web pages (see "Modbus RTU (Slave Interface)" on page 36). All data transfers must be configured using the Modbus RTU configuration tool. Please note that the size of the I/O data that can be read from and written to the module is defined when configuring the X-gateway using the configuration web pages.

There are a number of different configuration tools for Modbus RTU available on the market. The choice of tool depends on the application and the Modbus RTU master of the network.

An application note, describing how to configure an Anybus Modbus RTU slave interface with Unity Pro L is available on the support pages for the Anybus X-gateway Modbus-TCP - Modbus RTU module at 'www.anybus.com'.

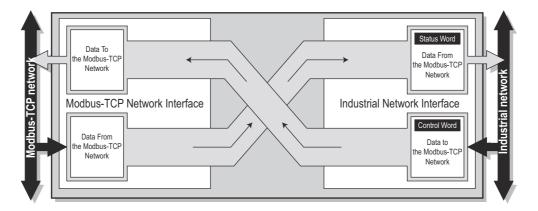
2.4 Functional Overview

Internally, the X-gateway consists of an intelligent gateway platform, an Anybus Modbus-TCP interface and an Anybus Modbus RTU (slave) interface. The Modbus-TCP interface and the Anybus Modbus RTU (slave) interface are interconnected through the intelligent gateway platform, which basically forwards data from one network to the other and vice versa as shown below. This design allows almost any other industrial network to be connected to a Modbus-TCP master on a separate Modbus-TCP network.



2.5 Data Exchange

Each of the two network interfaces exchanges data on its network through two buffers. The X-gateway forwards the data between these buffers as shown below. Note that this process is separated from the network data exchange. While the X-gateway ensures data consistency (where applicable), it does not feature any built-in mechanisms for synchronization between the Modbus-TCP network and the Modbus RTU network.



Each buffer holds a maximum of 256 bytes of data. The first two bytes in either direction can be dedicated for control/status information, and another eight bytes of data retrievable from the X-gateway by the Modbus RTU network can feature a live list. Please note that the actual number of bytes that can be exchanged is highly network dependent.

Through the dedicated control word, the master on the Modbus RTU network starts/stops the exchange of data on the Modbus-TCP network, and also resets the X-gateway if needed. The master on the Modbus RTU network can see the status of the Modbus-TCP network in the corresponding status word. The live list feature gives the master on the Modbus RTU network the opportunity to continuously see and monitor the status of each individual transaction on the Modbus-TCP network.

Two additional lists, transaction status and exception codes, retrievable from the module by the master on the Modbus RTU network, provides detailed error information about all transactions.

The amount of data that shall be exchanged, and the use of the control/status word and the live list, is specified separately for each application. This means that even though up to 256 bytes of data can be potentially forwarded to an interface, the amount of data that will actually be exchanged on that network is determined by the Modbus-TCP settings and the limitations of the master side fieldbus.

The available control/status functionality is described below, as well as the live list and the transaction status and exception code lists. Also note that the terminology and definitions used for different types of data vary greatly between different networking systems.

2.6 I/O Mapped Data

I/O mapped data is cyclic data, exchanged between the networks and/or devices at a high transfer rate. It is associated with data that is continuously sent on the network.

2.7 Parameter Data

Parameter data is usually exchanged acyclically, to set or change parameters in devices before or during normal process. Typical parameter data that can be retrieved from the module by the master of the Modbus RTU network includes the transaction status list and the exception code list.

2.8 Control/Status Word

The Control/Status word is always retrievable using acyclical access. Optionally, the Control/Status word can also be I/O mapped. If so, it is disabled by default. It can be enabled/disabled when configuring the Modbus RTU network via the configuration web pages. See "Modbus RTU (Slave Interface)" on page 36.

For information about how to access the Control/Status word, either I/O mapped or using parameter access, see "Mapping Overview" on page 38.

The Control word is a 16-bit word (uint16) used by the Modbus RTU network to control the Anybus X-gateway and subsequently also the Modbus-TCP network.

Bit	Value	Description
0 (Least signifi-	0	Puts the X-gateway in idle state
cant bit)	1	Puts the X-gateway in run state
1	-	A reboot of the X-gateway is triggered by a rising edge, i.e. a transition from 0 to 1
2-7	Set to zero	Unused
8-15	Set to zero	Unused

The Status word is a 16-bit word used by the X-gateway to report its current actual status to the Modbus RTU network.

Bit	Value	Description	
0 (Least signifi-	nifi- 0 The X-gateway is in idle state		
cant bit)	1	The X-gateway is in run state	
1	-	This bit is reflecting the state of bit 1 in the control word Either 0 or 1	
2-7	(reserved)	Unused	
8-15	(reserved)	Unused	

2.9 Live List

The live list features the possibility for the Modbus RTU network to retrieve a list containing the status of every transaction on the Modbus-TCP network.

It is accessible using parameter access, and also I/O mapped by default. The I/O mapped live list can be enabled/disabled when configuring the Modbus RTU network settings. See "Modbus RTU (Slave Interface)" on page 36. If the I/O mapped live list is enabled, it will occupy either byte 0-7 (control/ status word not enabled) or byte 2-9 (control/status word enabled and mapped to the first two bytes) in the input data area.

All transactions and their places in the live list are also visible in the Transaction Monitor on the configuration web pages.

The live list consists of a bit array with 64 elements, where each bit corresponds to a transaction on the Modbus-TCP network as in the table below.

Byte 7		Byte 6-1	Byte 0			
Bit 63	Bit 62-56	Bit 55-8	Bit 7	Bit 6 - 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Status of trans-	Status of trans-		Status of trans-	Status of trans-	Status of trans-	Status of trans-
action no 63	action no 62-56		action no 7	action no 6 - 2	action no 1	action no 0

Bit set to 1

Transaction successful.

• Bit set to 0

Transaction not successful.

Note: the reason for the unsuccessful transaction can be found on the corresponding index in the transaction status list.

The order of the transactions in the live list conforms to the order in which they are stored in the Modbus Server list.

Example

Consider the following configuration:

- Server 1 : a total of 2 transactions
- Server 2 : a total of 3 transactions
- Server 3 : a total of 1 transaction

This scenario will produce a live list as follows (assuming that the transactions are successful):

Bit 63	Bit 62 - 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
-	-	Server 3,	Server 2,	Server 2,	Server 2,	Server 1,	Server 1,
		transaction 1	transaction 3	transaction 2	transaction 1	transaction 2	transaction 1
0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note: Use the Modbus function "Read Discrete Inputs" to access the live list as a bit array.

2.10 Transaction Status List

This list holds information about the transactions between the Modbus-TCP network and the module, from the perspective of the module.

It is a list available from the module, which is possible to be retrieved acyclically (using parameter access) by the Modbus RTU network. It contains a byte array with 64 elements, where each byte contains a transaction status code as in the table below.

The indexes in the transaction status list correspond completely to the indexes in the transaction live list.

Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2-6	Byte 7	Byte 8 - 55	Byte 56-62	Byte 63
Status of trans-	Status of trans-	Status of trans-	Status of trans-		Status of trans-	Status of trans-
action no 0	action no 1	action no 2-6	action no 7		action no 56-62	action no 63

Transaction status codes

Transaction Status Code	Description
0	Running ok
1	Gateway idle
2	No link
3	Modbus exception
4	Timeout
5	Gateway disconnect
6	Server disconnect
7	Cannot connect
8	Modbus header error
9	Internal gateway error
10	No valid data
11	Stop sending data to Modbus server
12	Unconfigured transaction

2.11 Exception Code List

If Modbus transactions fail, the slaves can respond with an exception code. These can be found in the exception code list available from the module, possible to be retrieved acyclically (using parameter access) by the Modbus RTU network. It contains a byte array with 64 elements, where each byte contains an transaction exception code as in the table below. The indexes in the exception code list correspond completely to the indexes in the transaction live list.

Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2-6	Byte 7	Byte 8-55	Byte 56-62	Byte 63
Exception code						
for transaction						
no 0	no 1	no 2 - 6	no 7	no 8 - 55	no 56 - 62	no 63

Standard Modbus exception codes

Exception Code	Description	
00	No error	
01	Illegal function	
02	Illegal data address	
03	Illegal data value	
04	Slave device failure	
05	Acknowledge	
06	Slave device busy	
08	Memory parity error	
0A	Gateway path unavailable	
0B	Gateway target device failed to respond	

Note: The exception codes found in the exception code list are only relevant if the corresponding transaction status codes equals 3: "Modbus exception". See "Transaction Status List" on page 14 for more information.

Note: If the slave responds with an exception code not in the list, refer to the documentation of the slave for details.

3. About the Anybus X-gateway Modbus-TCP

3.1 External View

• A: Power Connector

This connector is used to apply power to the Xgateway. It is also possible to connect protective earth (PE) to the power connector. See "Power Connector" on page 21.

• B: SD Card Slot

This slot adds the possibility to store and load configurations from an SD card. See "SD Card Functionality" on page 22.

• C: USB Port

This port adds the possibility to connect a PC to the X-gateway to perform firmware upgrades. See "USB Connector" on page 20.

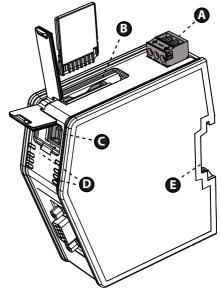
• D: Status LEDs

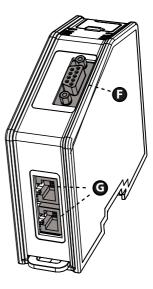
See "Status LEDs" on page 19.

• E: DIN-rail Connector

The DIN-rail mechanism fastens the X-gateway to a DIN-rail and connects the module to protective earth (PE). See "Mounting the X-gateway" on page 17.

- F: Modbus RTU Connector See "Modbus RTU Connector" on page 20.
- **G: Modbus-TCP Connectors** 2-port switch with daisy-chain functionality. See "Modbus-TCP Connectors" on page 20.





3.2 Mounting the X-gateway

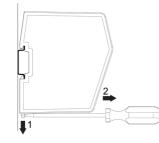
The Anybus X-gateway Modbus-TCP can be physically installed either by mounting it onto a DIN-rail or, if installed in areas exposed to vibration, by mounting it on a wall for more stability.

3.2.1 DIN-rail Mounting

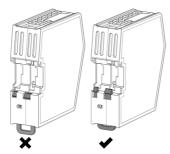


Make sure the DIN-rail fastening mechanism on the back of the module is in a fixed and closed position, i. e. pushed all the way up.

To mount the module, first hook it on to the DIN-rail (1), then push it against the DIN-rail to make it snap on (2).



To unmount the module, a screwdriver is needed. Use the screwdriver to push the DIN-rail fastening mechanism on the back of the module down until it locks in a fixed and open position (1). Then unhook the module from the DIN-rail (2).



Note: Do not leave the module with the DIN-rail fastening mechanism in a fixed and open position. This may eventually wear the fastening mechanism out so it cannot be used efficiently. Be sure to push the DIN-rail fastening mechanism back into the fixed and closed position after unmounting the module.

3.2.2 Wall Mounting

Use the wall mounting option if there is a need to place the X-gateway in an environment exposed to vibration. This way of mounting the module offers more stability than the traditional DIN-rail mounting.

Note: The X-gateway should be fastened in a standing-up position, to ensure a constant air flow.

Note: When mounting the X-gateway to a wall using the wall mount option, do not forget to connect the module to protective earth (PE) via the power connector. See "Power Connector" on page 21.

Step	Description	Visual description
0	Open up the package containing the wall mounting accessories. - One metal frame - Industrial velcro - Four plastic vibration dampers	
2	Remove the plastic protection from one side of the velcro. Attach the velcro to the metal frame. Attach the four plastic vibration dampers to the X-gateway, on the side that will face the wall.	
3	Remove the plastic protection from the other side of the velcro.	
4	Turn the X-gateway around, so that the plastic vibration dampers face down- wards. Fasten the metal frame to the X-gateway by pressing the frame firmly against the X- gateway, making the two velcro parts attach to each other.	
5	Attach the metal frame and the X-gateway to a wall using screws and washers (not enclosed).	

Mounting Instructions

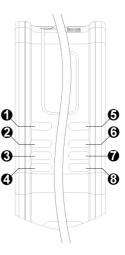
3.3 Status LEDs

Note: A test sequence is performed on all LEDs during startup.

Note: An identification LED sequence can be performed on LEDs 1, 5 and 6 by clicking the "Wink device" button in the X-gateway Management section in the web configuration interface.

X-gateway and Modbus-TCP Network LEDs

LED no	State	Status
1 - Gateway Status	Off	Power off
(GW)	Alternating red/green	Missing configuration
	Flashing green	Idle
	Green	Running
	Flashing red	Invalid configuration
	Red	Fatal error
5 - SD card	Green	Accessing SD card
(SD)	Flashing red	Failure
6 - Modbus-TCP Status	Off	Power off
(MTCP)	Green	Communicating with Modbus-TCP net- work
	Flashing red	Transaction error or timeout
	Red	Fatal error
7, 8 - Ethernet Link 1	Off	No link
(LA1), Ethernet Link 2 (LA2)	Flashing green	Receiving/transmitting Ethernet packets at 10/100 Mbit



Modbus RTU Network LEDs

LED no	State	Status
2	Not used	-
3 - Modbus RTU Com-	Off	No power, or no traffic
munication	Yellow	Frame reception or transmission
	Red	Fatal error
4- Device Status	Off	Initializing, or no power
	Green	Module initialized, no error
	Red	Major unrecoverable error
	Red, one flash	Communication error or configuration error

3.4 Modbus RTU Connector

The connector for the Modbus RTU network is found at the lower front of the module.

Pin no	Signal	Description	
1	GND Ground		
2	5V DC output	-	
3	PMC	Connect to pin 2 for RS-232 operation Leave unconnected for RS- 485 operation	
4	-	Not used	
5	A-Line	RS-485+ (D1) (A-Line)	
6	-	Not used	
7	Rx	RS-232 Receive	
8	Tx	RS-232 Transmit	
9	B-Line	RS-485- (D0) (B-Line)	



3.5 USB Connector

At the upper front of the module there is a USB connector used for firmware upgrades.

Pin no.	Description
1	+5V Input
2	USBDM (USB communication signals)
3	USBDP (USB communication signals)
4	Signal GND
Housing	Cable Shield

/	2	1	\mathbf{h}
	3	4	l

3.6 Modbus-TCP Connectors

The Modbus-TCP connectors are found at the bottom of the module.

Pin no.	Description	
1	TX+	
2	TX-	
3	RX+	
4	Not connected	
5	Not connected	
6	RX-	
7	Not connected	
8	Not connected	
Housing	Shield	



3.7 Power Connector

Pin no.	Description		
1	+24V DC		
2	GND		
3	PE (Protective Earth)	1 2 3	

Notes:

- Use 60/75 or 75×C copper (CU) wire only.
- The terminal tightening torque must be between 5... 7 lbs-in (0.5... 0.8 Nm) See also...
 - "Power Supply" on page 41.

4. SD Card Functionality

Using an SD card with the X-gateway adds the following features:

Easy backup.

Every applied change in the configuration will automatically be saved to the X-gateway and the SD card. See "Easy Backup" on page 23.

• Simple configuration copy.

Using the SD card, the configuration on one X-gateway can be copied to other X-gateways. See "Simple Configuration Copy" on page 23.

· Easy replacement.

If an X-gateway malfunctions during operation, a replacement module can easily be configured by moving the SD card to the new module. See "Easy Replacement" on page 23.

A configuration on the X-gateway is saved automatically to the SD card in any of these two events:

- A configuration is applied in the X-gateway Management section
- A configuration is restored from a backup file

Important

The SD card acts as a master in the X-gateway. When an X-gateway is turned on with an SD card inserted, and that SD card contains a valid configuration file, the configuration on the SD card will always overwrite any configuration on the X-gateway.

4.1 General Advice and Guidelines

Turn the power off before inserting or removing an SD card from the X-gateway.

Do not turn the X-gateway off while the SD LED indicates that the SD card is being accessed. Refer to "Status LEDs" on page 17 for more information.

The X-gateway will not write any data to a write-protected SD card.

4.2 Starting Up

- 1. Format the SD card for the FAT file system using a PC. The X-gateway cannot use an unformatted SD card.
- 2. Make sure the SD card is empty and that it is not write-protected.
- **3.** Turn the X-gateway off.
- 4. Insert the SD card into the SD card slot in the X-gateway.
- 5. Turn the X-gateway on.
- **6.** Create the configuration. When finished, press the apply button in the X-gateway Management section to reboot using the new configuration. During the reboot, the latest applied configuration will automatically be copied and saved to the SD card.
- 7. Now, the SD card is synchronized with the X-gateway. Both the SD card and the X-gateway contain the latest applied configuration.

Every time a new configuration is applied in the X-gateway Management section, it is also copied to the SD card to ensure synchronization.

4.3 Easy Backup

Every time a configuration change is applied in the X-gateway Management section using the configuration web pages, the configuration is saved both in the memory of the X-gateway and on the SD card. This is the easiest way of keeping a continuously updated configuration backup.

4.4 Simple Configuration Copy

If a configuration on one X-gateway needs to be copied to one or more other X-gateways, it is easily done using an SD card.

- 1. Turn the X-gateway running the desired configuration off.
- 2. Remove the SD card from the X-gateway containing the desired configuration and insert it into another one.

Note 1: The firmware version must be the same or higher in the new X-gateway.

Note 2: The new X-gateway must support the same network type as the first X-gateway.

3. Turn the new X-gateway on. The new X-gateway will automatically start up using the configuration found on the SD card.

Important

If the configuration was protected by authentication information, the same information will be needed to alter the configuration in the new X-gateway.

4.5 Easy Replacement

If an X-gateway malfunctions during operation, the SD card functionality makes it easy to get the application up and running again fast.

- 1. Turn the malfunctioning X-gateway off.
- 2. Replace the old X-gateway with a new one.

Note 1: The firmware version must be the same or higher in the new X-gateway.

Note 2: The new X-gateway must support the same network type as the old X-gateway.

- **3.** Remove the SD card containing the configuration file from the old X-gateway and insert it into the new one.
- 4. Turn the new X-gateway on. If the SD card contains a valid configuration file, the X-gateway will automatically start up using the configuration found on the SD card.

Important

If the configuration was protected by authentication information, the same information will be needed to alter the configuration in the new X-gateway.

Depending on the settings of the master network, the communication link between the X-gateway and the master may no longer be valid. X-gateway settings that were configured from outside the configuration web pages will need to be set again.

4.6 SD Card Synchronization Failure

In the event of applying a configuration or restoring a configuration from a backup file, the SD card synchronization can fail. There are many possible reasons for an SD card write failure:

- The SD card is write-protected.
- The configuration file on the SD card is write-protected.
- The SD card memory is full.
- The SD card file system is corrupt.
- The SD card is damaged.

If the SD card write process fails, the reboot cycle of the X-gateway will halt. The GW LED will indicate "invalid configuration" and the SD LED will indicate "failure". See "Status LEDs" on page 17.

To eliminate the problem, follow the steps below:

- 1. Turn the X-gateway off.
- 2. Remove the SD card. Find the cause of the problem.
- **3.** Insert an SD card.

Note: This SD card must **not** contain a configuration file. If it does, the configuration on the SD card will overwrite the configuration on the X-gateway.

- 4. Turn the X-gateway on. The X-gateway will run the configuration that was applied or restored when the SD card write process failed.
- **5.** Apply the configuration in the X-gateway Management section to save the configuration to the SD card.
- 6. Now, the SD card is synchronized with the X-gateway. Both the SD card and the X-gateway contain the latest applied configuration.

5. Modbus-TCP Functions

The Modbus-TCP protocol is an implementation of the standard Modbus protocol, running on top of TCP/IP. The same function codes and addressing model are used.

The Anybus X-gateway Modbus-TCP supports a subset of the functions described in the Modbus-TCP specification.

Modbus-TCP transactions are normally transmitted and received on TCP port no. 502. The X-gateway features the possibility to set TCP ports individually for each Modbus-TCP server.

For detailed information regarding the Modbus-TCP protocol, consult the Open Modbus-TCP Specification.

Modbus Function	Function Code	No. of Bits/Registers ^a	Direction	Associated with Buffer
Read Coils	1	1-2000	Modbus to Gateway	Input buffer
Read Discrete Inputs	2	1-2000		
Read Holding Registers	3	1-125		
Read Input Registers	4	1-125		
Write Single Coil	5	1	Gateway to Modbus	Output buffer
Write Single Register	6	1		
Write Multiple Coils	15	1-1968		
Write Multiple Registers	16	1-123	1	
Read/Write Multiple Registers	23	1-125 read 1-121 write	Bidirectional	Input and output buffers

The Anybus X-gateway Modbus-TCP supports the following Modbus-TCP functions:

a. Please refer to the Modbus Application Protocol Specification V1.1B for more detailed information.

Modbus-TCP functions are used as important parts of transactions to Modbus-TCP servers. After configuring a server within the Modbus-TCP network, functions can be assigned to it by clicking the 'Add transaction' button in the built-in web interface.

See also ...

- "Network Configuration" on page 28
- "Modbus Servers" on page 34

6. Modbus RTU Functions for Network 1

#	Function	Input Ranges	Output Ranges
1	Read Coils	-	0000h - 0FFFh (coils)
2	Read Discrete Inputs	0000h - 0FFFh (coils)	-
3	Read Holding Registers	0100h - 01FFh (registers)	0000h - 00FFh (registers)
4	Read Input Registers	0000h - 00FFh (registers)	
5	Write Single Coil	-	0000h - 0FFFh (registers)
6	Write Single Register	-	0000h - 00FFh (registers)
15	Write Multiple Coils	-	0000h - 0FFFh (coils)
16	Write Multiple Registers	-	0000h - 00FFh (registers)
23	Read/Write Multiple Registers	0000h - 01FFh (registers)	0000h - 00FFh (registers)
#	Function	Description	
8	Diagnostics	See "Diagnostic Subfunction	ns" on page 26
17	Report Slave ID	Returns the X-gateway's sla	ave ID.
43	Read Device Identification	The X-gateway supports the basic information mandatory according to the Modbus Specification 1# Vendor name 2# Product code 3# Major minor revision	

The X-gateway supports the following Modbus RTU functions for Network 1:

Note 1: Writing to input data has no effect, and reading unused register locations will return zeroes.

Note 2: Reading Discrete Inputs 0000h - 000Fh will return the same data as reading Input Register 0000h or Holding Register 0100h.

Diagnostic Subfunctions

#	Diagnostic Function	Comment
0	Return Query Data	Request data is looped back
1	Restart Communications Option	Resets the network interface
4	Force Listen Only Mode	X-gateway in "No I/O data exchanged" mode
10	Clear Counters and Diagnostic Register	Clears counters
11	Return Bus Message Count	-
12	Return Bus Communication Error Count	-
13	Return Bus Exception Error Count	-
14	Return Slave Message Count	-
15	Return Slave No Response Count	-
16	Return Slave NAK Count	-
17	Return Slave Busy Count	-
18	Return Bus Character Overrun Count	Both character and message drops are counted using this counter
20	Clear Overrun Counter and Flag	-

7. Network Configuration

7.1 General Information

The Anybus X-gateway features built-in web pages for easy configuration. The web pages are all described in this chapter. To access the web configuration pages, the following system requirements need to be met:

- Internet Explorer 8.0 or 9.0
- Javascript enabled

Note: Altering the configuration while the X-gateway is exchanging data between the two networks may affect performance.

Note: Only one user at a time should be accessing the configuration web pages. If two or more users make simultaneous changes to the configuration, the configuration saved last will overwrite other changes.

There are things to take into consideration when making the configuration.

- Remember to apply the configuration in order for changes to take effect. See "X-gateway Management" on page 37. As soon as you have saved data to the configuration but not yet applied it, you will see the box below at the top of the web pages:
 The configuration needs to be applied for changes to take effect. Go to X-gateway Management page to apply the configuration or cancel changes.
- A maximum of 64 Modbus-TCP servers can be added to the configuration.
- A maximum of 64 transactions can be set up to the servers in the configuration.
- Take care when choosing scan times for the transactions. The mimimum allowed scan time (ms) is the total number of transactions multiplied by three and cannot be less than 10 ms.
- Take care not to map too much data. The data limits are 256 bytes input data and 256 bytes output data, including optional control/status word and live list.

7.2 Introduction

To display the configuration and status web pages of the X-gateway, start a web browser and type the IP address of the module in the address field.

The default IP address of the X-gateway is 192.168.0.100. To connect a computer to the X-gateway, make sure that both the computer and the module are using the same subnet mask, e.g. 255.255.255.0. Change the IP address of the computer to 192.168.0.X, where X is any number between 0 and 255 except 100.

If, for example, there is a DHCP server on the network, the IP address might be unknown. In that case, use the Anybus IPconfig tool to find it. The Anybus IPconfig tool can be downloaded from www.anybus.com.

8	Anybus IPco	nfig	of passage	-	-		1		x
	IP 🛆	SN	GW	DHCP	Version	Туре		MAC	
	10.10.12.64	255.255.255.0 255.255.255.0	10.10.12.254 10.10.12.254	On On	1.07.3 1.60.1	Anybus-M EtherNet/IP ABS-EIP		00-30-11-02-81-99 00-30-11-03-87-3F	
	10.10.12.89	255.255.255.0 255.255.255.0	10.10.12.254 10.10.12.254	On Off	1.02.7 1.20.1	Anybus X-gateway Modbus-TCP ModbusGW		00-30-11-FF-02-5D 00-30-11-FB-27-51	
	•				III				F
	,					Settings	S	ican Exit	

If a list of connected devices does not show automatically, press the scan button. Identify the IP address of the X-gateway by its type 'Anybus X-gateway Modbus-TCP' or by its MAC address. The MAC address of the X-gateway can be found at the bottom of the module.

For additional information about the Anybus IPconfig tool, see "Anybus IPconfig Tool" on page 43.

7.3 Overview

OVERVIEW Home CONFIGURATION Authentication	Use the left side menu to navig gateway Management page. 'N	ration and status web pages. Welcome ate. Changes to the configuration do not tal etwork 1' represents the controlling networ ork, where the X-gateway acts as a client.	ke effect until the X-ga rk, where the X-gatev	iteway is res	started from th	he X-
Modbus Client		Identification	Et	hernet link	status	
	Product name:	Anybus X-gateway Modbus-TCP	Port 1:			
Modbus Servers	Firmware version:	1.07	Speed:	-		
Modbus-RTU	Serial number:	A01842F5	Duplex:	-		
TOOLS	Uptime:	0 days, 0h:6m:29s	Port 2:			
X-gateway	CPU Load:	7% (auto updated every 5s)	Speed:	100 M	bps	
Management	MAC ID (Modbus-TCP):	00:30:11:07:9B:F8	Duplex:	Full Du	uplex	
Backup & Restore	(Operation Mode	Eth	Ethernet link statistics		
	Modbus-RTU (Network 1):	No I/O data exchanged	In pkts:	658	Errors:	0
Mapping Overview	Modbus-TCP (Network 2):	Run	Out pkts:	48	Errors:	0
Transaction Monitor 2						

The configuration and status web pages are divided into three sections:

1. Headline Section

Shows the Anybus logo and the name of the product.

2. Navigation Section

All functionality is easily accessed from the different links. Every link and its corresponding functionality will be explained later in this chapter.

3. Content Section

Clicking a link will display its contents in the content section. A short text describing the functionality of the current page will be available at the top of the section.

7.3.1 Home

The introductory window of the configuration and status web pages presents important error tracking information, as well as general information and statistics.

OVERVIEW Home CONFIGURATION Authentication	Use the left side menu to naviga gateway Management page. 'N	ation and status web pages. Welcome ate. Changes to the configuration do not tak etwork 1' represents the controlling networ ork, where the X-gateway acts as a client.	e effect until the X-gat k, where the X-gatew	eway is res	tarted from th	ie X-
		Identification	Eth	ernet link	status	
Modbus Client	Product name:	Anybus X-gateway Modbus-TCP	Port 1:			
Modbus Servers	Firmware version:	1.07	Speed:	-		
Modbus-RTU	Serial number:	A01842F5	Duplex:	-		
TOOLS	Uptime:	0 days, 0h:6m:29s	Port 2:			
X-gateway	CPU Load:	7% (auto updated every 5s)	Speed:	100 M	bps	
Management	MAC ID (Modbus-TCP):	00:30:11:07:9B:F8	Duplex:	Full Di	plex	
	Operation Mode		Ethe	Ethernet link statistics		
Backup & Restore	Modbus-RTU (Network 1):	No VO data exchanged	In pkts:	658	Errors:	0
Mapping Overview	Modbus-TCP (Network 2):	Run	Out pkts:	48	Errors:	0
Transaction Monitor						

Operation Mode

The table below shows the correlation between the operation modes of the Modbus RTU network and the Modbus-TCP network.

		Modbus R1	ſU (Network 1)
		I/O data exchanged	No I/O data exchanged
Modbus-TCP (Network 2)	Run	Data is exchanged between the two net- works.	The Modbus RTU network exchanges no data. Data to the Modbus-TCP network is in clear, freeze, stop or safe value state.
	Idle	The Modbus-TCP network exchanges no data. Data to the Modbus RTU network is in clear or freeze state.	No data is exchanged. Both networks, inde- pendently, are in either clear, freeze, stop or safe value state.

In case of an error on the Modbus RTU network, the following additional fieldbus status may appear:

Modbus RTU (Network 1)	Description
Shutdown	Further Modbus requests will be ignored (the X-gateway needs a restart).

7.4 Configuration

Please note that changes made to the configuration will not be used by the X-gateway until they have been applied and saved. See "X-gateway Management" on page 37.

7.4.1 Authentication

Authentication can be enabled or disabled. If enabled, it is possible to set a username and password to protect the configuration.

Administrato	Administrator authentication		
Authentication			
If authentication is enabled username and password can be	Disabled		
changed below. Current username and password is never	Disabled		
shown when entering this page.			
New username			
New password			
Confirm new password			
Cancel	Save settings		

When choosing a username and a password, use only the valid characters shown below.

ltem	Valid characters	
Username	A-Z, a-z, 0-9, _ (underscore). Max length: 13 characters.	
Password	A-Z, a-z, 0-9, _ (underscore). Max length: 12 characters.	

Important Notice

Note that it is very important to save the authentication information. There is no way to retrieve a lost username or password. If the authentication information is lost, the only way to restore the X-gateway is to download new firmware via the USB interface. This will erase any configuration currently on the module.

7.4.2 Modbus Client

Configuration of the client side of the Modbus-TCP network. On this side, the X-gateway will act as a Modbus-TCP client. To the right, in the "Actual" column, the currently used values can be seen.

() Anybus'	Anybus X-gatewa	y Modbus-TCP - Mod	lbus-RTU
OVERVIEW Home CONFIGURATION	Modbus client configuration (Network 2). Confi	gure the Modbus-TCP (Network 2) settin	igs.
Authentication	IP	Configuration	Actual
Modbus Client	IP address	192.168.0.100	10.10.13.104
Modbus Servers	Subnet mask	255.255.255.0	255.255.255.0
Modbus-RTU	Router IP address	127.0.0.1	10.10.13.1
TOOLS	DHCP	Enabled 💌	
X-gateway	Anybus IPconfig (HICP)	Enabled 💌	
Management		Other settings	
Backup & Restore	Start-up operation mode	Running	•
Mapping Overview Transaction	Action in case of irrecoverable error	Shutdown	×
Monitor		Cancel Save settings	
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Available IP Configuration Settings

ltem	Description
IP address	If not set by DHCP (or HICP), set these values manually.
Subnet mask	
Router IP address	
DHCP	Enabled by default. When enabled, the X-gateway can obtain the TCP/IP settings dynamically from the DHCP server of the Modbus-TCP network.
Anybus IPconfig (HICP)	Enabled by default. When enabled, the TCP/IP settings for the Modbus-TCP network can be con- figured temporarily with the Anybus IPconfig tool. See "Anybus IPconfig Tool" on page 43.

Start-up Operation Mode

Value	Description
Running	The Modbus-TCP client starts to exchange data with the servers as soon as possible after start-up.
ldle	The Modbus-TCP client does not exchange any data with the servers and waits for instructions via the control word.

Action in Case of Irrecoverable Error

If the X-gateway encounters an irrecoverable error, there are two possible options.

Value	Description
Shutdown	The X-gateway will shut down. All LEDs will display red.
Restart	The X-gateway will restart.

When finished configuring the Modbus-TCP client, click 'Save settings'. Note that the changes will not take effect until they are applied in the X-gateway management section. See "X-gateway Management" on page 37.

7.4.3 Modbus Servers

The configuration of the servers on the Modbus-TCP network is made here. The X-gateway can handle up to 64 different servers, and a maximum of 64 transactions distributed among those servers. It is possible to map up to 256 bytes of data in either direction, including control/status word and live list.

The global configuration limits box keeps track of the number of added transactions and the current amount of I/O mapped input and output data. It also keeps track of the total amount of data in the configuration (both I/O mapped and not I/O mapped data).

Global configuration limits.

Transactions: 2/64 VO mapped input data: 30/256 bytes VO mapped output data: 18/256 bytes VO mapped input bits: 0/1024 VO mapped output bits: 0/1024 Input data: 20/256 bytes Output data: 16/256 bytes

Add Server

Click 'Add server' to add a server to the configuration. Click 'Edit' to see and edit the settings:

			C C	,				0	
OVERVIEW	Modbus server configuration (Network 2). Add, edit or delete Modbus connections for Network 2. On each connection several transactions towards a Modbus server can be set up. Press 'Add new server' button to add a new connection, then edit it to set								
Home									
CONFIGURATION		server properties and finally click the 'Transactions' link to set up transactions to call Modbus functions on the server. The global limit is 64 transactions and it is not possible to map more process data than the X-gate way can handle.							
Authentication									
Modbus Client		Global configuration limits. Transactions: 2/64 VO mapped input data: 30/256 bytes VO mapped output data: 18/256 bytes VO mapped input bits: 0/1024 VO							
Modbus Servers	mapped output bits: 0/1024 Input data: 20/256 bytes 00 mapped output data: 16/256 bytes 00 mapped input bits: 0/1024 10 mapped output bits: 0/1024 Input data: 20/256 bytes 00 utput data: 16/256 bytes								
Modbus-RTU	Name	IP address	Port	Protocol	Transactions				
TOOLS	New_Server1	0.0.00	502	TCP	2	Edit	Delete	Transactions	
X-gateway Management				Add ne	w server				
Backup & Restore	Add/edit server —								
Mapping Overview	Settings								
Transaction	Name	New_Server1		Protocol	TCP			-	
Monitor	Server address	0.0.0		Port	502				
				Cance	Ok				

Available editable settings:

Setting	Description
Name	While not required, renaming the server makes the configuration easier to comprehend. Note that it is only possible to use uppercase and lowercase characters, numerals and underscore (_). Default alias is 'New_Server', followed by an incremental suffix. Max length: 32 characters.
Server address	The IP address of the server.
Protocol	TCP.
Port	Default Modbus-TCP port is 502. If the server requires it, it is possible to change. Value range: 0 - 65535.

When the server is configured, click 'Ok'.

Note: When the server and its settings are configured, transactions must be added to the server. See "Add Transactions" on page 34. At any time, it is possible to have only one server without specified transactions.

Add Transactions

Transactions represent the data that is read from/written to the servers of the Modbus-TCP network.

The global configuration limits box keeps track of the number of added transactions, the current minimum allowed scan time, and the current amount of I/O mapped data as well as total amount of data (both I/O mapped and not I/O mapped data).

Global configuration limits. Transactions: 1/64 | Minimum allowed scan time: 10 | VO mapped input data: 10/256 bytes | VO mapped output data: 0/256 bytes | VO mapped input bits: 0/1024 | VO mapped output bits: 0/1024 | Input data: 2/256 bytes | Output data: 0/256 bytes |

To add transactions, find the server in the server list and click 'Transactions'. This presents a list of all transactions configured for that server. Click 'Add transaction' to add a new default transaction to the list and click 'edit'.

() Anybus'	Any	v <mark>bus</mark> X-gat	eway Mod	bus	TCP - Modbu	s-RTU				
OVERVIEW Home CONFIGURATION	Transactions configur transactions towards a M transaction properties. Th	odbus server can t	be set up. Press 'Ad	d transa	iction' button to add a nev	v transaction, then ed	it it to set			
Authentication Modbus Client	Global configuration limits.									
Modbus Client	Transactions: 1/64 Minin mapped input bits: 0/1024				ta: 10/256 bytes VO map		6 bytes VO			
Modbus-RTU										
TOOLS	Name New Ser			dress .0.0	Port 502	Proto				
X-gateway Management	# Function E	Scan	Timeout UID Addro	ess/I	Data Type Elements Regist	Action on no				
Backup & Restore	-	BBEWLE 250	5000 255 1	-	int16 1 1	N/A	Edit Delete			
Mapping Overview	HO	-			r shows a question mark	displays help.				
Transaction Monitor	Add/edit transaction General transaction settings									
	Function code 23-Read/Write Multiple registers V Name New_Trans1									
	Data encoding	Byte Big Endian, \	Nord Little Endian	-	Timeout (ms)	5000				
	Trigger	Cyclic			Scan time (ms)	250				
	VO mapped	Yes		-	Unit Id	255				
			Read	setting	gs					
	Starting register	1			Data type	uint16	•			
	Elements	1			Registers	1				
			Write	settin						
	Starting register	1		_	Data type	uint16	•			
	Elements When Modbus-RTU	1			Registers	1				
	(Network1) is not exchanging VO data	Freeze data to Mo	dbus server	•	Safe Element Value	Not applicable				
	Startup-mode	Wait for data		-						
			Cano	el (Dk					

See a detailed description of the settings on the next page.

Available settings:

Setting	Description
Function code	The function code defines the purpose of the transaction.
	Choose from five different Modbus functions, see "Modbus-TCP Functions" on page 25.
Data encoding	Decides in what order the different bytes of the received/transmitted data shall be sent on the net- work.
Trigger	Only applicable for write transactions. Cyclic. On data change.
I/O mapped	Decides whether to map the data to the memory that is cyclically exchanged between the Modbus RTU network and the Modbus-TCP network (I/O mapped data).
Name	While not required, renaming the transaction makes the configuration easier to comprehend. Note that it is only possible to use uppercase and lowercase characters, numerals and underscore (_). Default alias is 'New_Trans', followed by an incremental suffix. Max length: 32 characters.
Timeout (ms)	The time span within which the server must return a response to the transaction. If no response is received within the timeout period, the connection to the server will be closed. If the connection to the server is closed, all transactions to that server will be affected. Value range: 10 - 65535 (ms).
Scan time (ms)	The scan time defines how often the transaction shall be resent, e.g. the time cycle of a repeating transaction. Minimum scan time (ms) is calculated by multiplying the total number of transactions by three. The minimum scan time will increase by adding more transactions. Value range: 10 - 10000 (ms).
Unit ID	Only applicable for Modbus RTU servers. If the Modbus-TCP server functions as a router to Modbus RTU servers, it is possible to send transactions to a single Modbus RTU server using the unit ID. Value range: 0 - 247; 255. If not communicating with a Modbus RTU server, use the value 255 (default).
Starting register/ bit	The starting Modbus server register or bit to write to/read from. Value range: 1 - 65536.
Elements	The number of elements to write/read. Value range: See "Modbus-TCP Functions" on page 25.
When Modbus RTU (network 1) is not exchanging I/O data	Note: Only available for I/O mapped write transactions. Clear data to Modbus server: only zeros will be transmitted. Freeze data to Modbus server: the data that was stored last will be repeated. Write safe value: choose a specific value to transmit for every element (See safe element value below). Stop: no data will be transmitted to the Modbus server.
Data type	Write/read data either as two byte integers (uint16) or four byte integers (uint32).
Registers	The resulting amount of registers to write/read. The calculation is based on the number of elements to read/write and the chosen data type.
Safe Element	Note: Only available for write transactions.
Value	A numeric value to send for every element if network 1 (Modbus RTU) is not exchanging I/O data.
Startup-mode	Wait for data: all data for the transaction must have been sent from the Modbus RTU network and received by the X-gateway before the transaction is carried out. Directly: the data is sent as soon as possible after start-up.

When finished editing the transaction, click 'Ok'. All data resulting from configured transactions will be mapped to the internal memory of the X-gateway. Read transactions will be mapped to the input area, and write transactions will be mapped to the output area. See "Mapping Overview" on page 38 for more information.

Note: The X-gateway needs to be restarted before any changes will take effect. See "X-gateway Management" on page 37.

7.4.4 Modbus RTU (Slave Interface)

Configuration of the Modbus RTU slave interface of the X-gateway.

Ibus-RTU configuration (Network 1). Configure the Network control/status word or the live list affects the process data size.	1 side of the X-gateway. Ena	bling or disabling the mappir						
controvstatus word or the live list affects the process data size.								
the control/status word or the live list affects the process data size.								
Global configuration limits. Transactions: 1/64 VO manaed input data: 10/256 bytes VO manaed output data: 0/256 bytes VO manaed input bits: 0/1024 VO								
		mapped input bits, or roza						
Setting	Configured							
Device address	1							
Communication settings	19200e1	×						
Mode	RTU (8 bits)	•						
Timeout	0							
When Modbus-TCP (Network 2) error	Freeze data to master							
VO mapped control/status word	Disabled							
VO mapped live list	Enabled	•						
Reserved bytes, read bit transactions	0							
Reserved bytes, write bit transactions	0							
ar	ransactions: 1/64 VO mapped input data: 10/256 bytes VO mapped pped output bits: 0/1024 input data: 2/256 bytes Output data: 0/25 Setting Device address Communication settings Mode Timeout When Modbus-TCP (Network 2) error VO mapped controVstatus word VO mapped live list Reserved bytes, read bit transactions	ransactions: 1/64 VO mapped input data: 10/256 bytes VO mapped output data: 0/256 bytes VO ppped output bits: 0/1024 input data: 2/256 bytes Output data: 0/256 bytes VO pevice address 1 Communication settings 19200e1 Mode RTU (8 bits) Timeout 0 When Modbus-TCP (Network 2) error Freeze data to master VO mapped controlVstatus word Disabled VO mapped live list Enabled Reserved bytes, read bit transactions 0						

What is shown is the currently stored configuration, provided that all changes are saved and applied to the X-gateway.

Note that no changes will take effect until the configuration has been applied. See "X-gateway Management" on page 37.

Setting	Description
Device Address	The X-gateway slave address on the Modbus RTU network. Default value: 1. Value range: 1 - 247.
Communication settings	All common baud rates from 1200 bps to 115200 bps. o = odd parity : e = even parity : n = no parity. One or two stop bits. Default value: 19200 bps, even parity, one stop bit (19200e1). Note: The setting here must match the settings of the Modbus RTU network.
Mode	Describes which communication protocol to use. RTU (8 bit) or ASCII (7 bit). Note: The setting here must match the settings of the Modbus RTU network.
Timeout	Default value: 0 ms (no timeout). Value range: 0 - 65535. The timeout value specifies the maximum time in milliseconds to wait for Modbus requests from the Modbus RTU network. If the timeout value is reached the Modbus RTU slave interface will change to state "No I/O data exchanged". See "Operation Mode" on page 30.
When Modbus TCP (Network 2) error	The "Freeze data to master" option instructs the X-gateway to keep sending the latest received data from the Modbus-TCP network to the Modbus RTU master.
	The "Clear data to master" option instructs the X-gateway to clear the input data area and send only zeros to the Modbus RTU master.
I/O mapped control/status word	If enabled, the control/status word is mapped to the output/input area respectively. See "I/O Mapped Data" on page 12.
I/O mapped live list	If enabled, the live list is mapped to the input area. See "Live List" on page 13.
Reserved bytes, read bit transactions	0: dynamic. 2 - 128: The number of bytes that shall be reserved for bit transactions. Note: the chosen value must be even.
Reserved bytes, write bit transactions	0: dynamic. 2 - 128: The number of bytes that shall be reserved for bit transactions. Note: the chosen value must be even.

Available settings for the Modbus RTU network.

7.5 Tools

7.5.1 X-gateway Management

Apply changes

Permanently store changes made to the configuration and reboot, using the new configuration.

No changes made in the configuration will be permanently stored or used by the X-gateway until they are applied by clicking 'Apply'.

Before storing and rebooting, the X-gateway will validate the not yet stored configuration. If errors are found, the X-gateway will produce an information message with instructions to correct the errors. The X-gateway will not store an invalid configuration.

Reboot and undo changes

The X-gateway will be restarted. All changes made since the last configuration was loaded will be undone.

Undo changes

Undo all changes made since the last configuration was loaded.

Factory reset

Reset the X-gateway to completely remove the configuration currently stored in the module.

Wink device

Clicking the "Wink device" button will start a 15 second LED sequence on LEDs 1, 5 and 6 on the X-gateway. For identification purposes.

7.5.2 Backup and Restore

Backup the configuration that is currently used to file, or restore a previously saved configuration from file.

It is not possible to backup or restore the configuration until all changes are either applied or undone. See "X-gateway Management" on page 37.

Two things can happen when loading an old configuration:

- Configuration valid:
 - The X-gateway will reboot and automatically use the previously stored configuration.
- Configuration not valid:

The X-gateway will produce an error message. The chosen configuration will not be accepted or loaded into memory.

Important Notice

Before loading a previously stored configuration, locate any authentication information associated with it. If a valid configuration is loaded that is protected by a password, the X-gateway can not be reconfigured until the authentication information has been provided.

7.5.3 Mapping Overview

This page provides a description of all data resulting from the transactions of the currently applied configuration. It is divided into two parts. The first part describes the X-gateway interface to the Modbus RTU network, and the second part all applied transactions on the Modbus-TCP network.

If needed, it is possible to print the configuration to paper. Click the printer symbol to the right on the mapping overview page to access a printer friendly version of the mapping overview.

Modbus RTU

The I/O mapped data will always be presented according to the following priority order:

Input data

Data from the Modbus-TCP network to the Modbus RTU network.

- Status word (optional)
- Live list (optional)
- Input data (bit transactions will always be mapped first)

• Output data

Data from the Modbus RTU network to the Modbus-TCP network.

- Control word (optional)
- Output data (bit transactions will always be mapped first)

The parameter section data presents a detailed list of all data, including both the I/O mapped and the not I/O mapped data, available acyclically from the X-gateway to the Modbus RTU network. This list also includes the transaction status and exception code lists, available for error identification.

- "Exception Code List" on page 15
- "Transaction Status List" on page 14

Modbus-TCP network

A detailed list of all Modbus servers and transactions in the configuration.

7.5.4 Mapping Overview Example

This example (illustrated on the next page) includes two transactions. The control/status word and the live list are both I/O mapped. The I/O mapped data is presented in the input and output data box charts.

- New_Trans1: an I/O mapped read/write transaction, reading eight bytes and writing 16 bytes.
- New_Trans2: an I/O mapped read transaction, reading 12 bytes.

In the parameter data box, all configured data is presented. Details for acyclically accessing control/status word, live list, exception and transaction status list, as well as both I/O mapped and not I/O mapped data are available here.

						5
		Network 1 (Mo	dbus-R	TU)		
offsets for each	transaction is display	ed in the input/output mappin	as below. App	bly the "Register	rs" to the address	ranges:
				., the hogheter		, angeo.
	-	00FF, read range 0x0100 (JXUTEF.			
t registers: Read	range 0x0000 0x00	FF.				
ly the "Bits" in the	address ranges:					
s: Read and write	range 0x0000 0x0F	FF.				
rete inputs: Read	range 0x0000 0x0F	FF.				
e: Writing to INPUT	DATA has no effect.	and reading unused registe	r locations will	return 0.		
	e buffer view		c	Object view		
<u>í</u>		Transaction nam			s Registers	Bits
×00		Status	uint16	1	0	015
x10 x20		Live-List New Trans1	uint8 uint16	8	14	16 79 80 143
x20 x30		New_Trans1	uint16	6	5o 914	144 239
x40						
x50						
x60						
x70						
x80						
x90 xa0						
xb0						
xc0						
xd0						
xe0						
×f0						
OUTPUT DATA						
Byt	e buffer view	Transaction nan		Object view /pe Elemer	nts Registers	Bits
×00		Control	uint16	1	0	015
x10		New_Trans1	uint16	8	18	16 143
x20 x30						
x40						
x50						
x60						
x70						
×80						
x90 xa0						
xb0						
xc0						
xd0						
xe0						
xf0						
ARAMETER DAT	Δ					
Name	Florent	Gatewa		a Dog - D-	nisters Byte	Access 7
Name	2	size (bytes) Elemer	ts Holdin 33168	ідкед ∣ ке 1	gisters Byte: 01	Access
Control	2	1	33296	1	01	RW
John of	1	8	33424	4	07	R
ive-List	1	64	33552	32	063	R
ive-List xceptions	s 1	64 New Serv	33680 /er1	32	0 63	R
ive-List xceptions			Holding	Reg Regi	isters Bytes	Access
ive-List xceptions	Element size	Elementa			07	R
ive-List ixceptions iransaction status Name lew_Trans1	2	4	34448	4		
ive-List xceptions ransaction statu			34448 50192 34576	4 8 6	0 <i>1</i> 0 15 0 11	R

Network 2 (Modbus-TCP Chefit)										
Name				IP address Port				Protocol		
	New_Ser	ver1		0.0.0.0				502		TCP
#	Function	Encoding	Scan time	Timeout	UID	Address / Bit	Data Typ	e Elements	Registers	Action on no Network1 I/O
New_Trans1	23	BBEWLE	250	5000	255	1/1	uint16/uint	16 4/8	4/8	Freeze
New_Trans2	3	BBEWLE	250	5000	255	1	uint16	6	6	N/A

7.5.5 Transaction Monitor

The transaction monitor interface presents a detailed list of all transactions currently operating on the Modbus-TCP network. The data is automatically updated, and it is possible to choose to view the data either in decimal or in hexadecimal values. The time that has passed since the last update is visible at the top of the transaction list. Every post in the list contains the following transaction information:

- Server name and transaction name
- The type of Modbus function chosen for the transaction
- The size of the data read from or written to the Modbus-TCP network
- The actual data read from or written to the Modbus-TCP network
- The bit position of the transaction in the live list (also presented as byte.bit).

If there is a transaction error, an error message will appear instead of the data.

A red frame around the list indicates that the web browser has lost connection to the web server of the X-gateway. If this happens, try reloading the page by clicking on "Transaction Monitor" in the menu to the left.

Data automatically updated from the X-gateway. Seconds since last update: 1	
Show hexadecimal Show decimal	
New_Server1 >> New_Trans1 >> 23-Read/Write Multiple registers	Live-List bit 0 (0.0)
Reading 1 uint16 elements >> 2 bytes 00 00	
Writing 1 uint16 elements >> 2 bytes 00 00	
New_Server1 >> New_Trans2 >> 23-Read/Write Multiple registers	Live-List bit 1 (0.1)
Reading 1 uint16 elements >> 0 bytes Transaction error (Modbus Exception), no data to display. Exception code 2 (Illegal Data Address).	
Writing 1 uint16 elements >> 0 bytes Transaction error (Modbus Exception), no data to display. Exception code 2 (Illegal Data Address).	
New_Server1 >> New_Trans3 >> 16-Write Multiple Registers	Live-List bit 2 (0.2)
Writing 1 uint16 elements >> 0 bytes Transaction error (No valid data), no data to display.	

Note: Viewing the transaction monitor may affect performance.

A. Technical Specification

A.1 Protective Earth (PE) Requirements

In order to achieve proper EMC behavior, the product must be connected to protective earth (PE) via the DIN-rail connector. If the DIN-rail cannot be used, PE must be connected to the power connector.

HMS Industrial Networks does not guarantee proper EMC behavior unless these PE requirements are fulfilled.

Note: Make sure the DIN-rail is properly connected to PE.

A.2 Power Supply

Supply Voltage

The X-gateway requires a regulated 24 V (20.4 V to 28.8 V) DC power source.

Power Consumption

The typical power consumption is 150 mA at 24 V.

A.3 Environmental Specification

A.3.1 Temperature

Operating

-25° to +70° Celsius

Non-operating

-40° to +85° Celsius

A.3.2 Relative Humidity

The product is designed for a relative humidity of 5% to 95% noncondensing.

A.4 EMC (CE) Compliance

EMC compliance testing has been conducted according to the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2004/108/EC. For more information please consult the EMC compliance document, see product/support pages for Anybus X-gateway Modbus-TCP at www.anybus.com.

B. Anybus IPconfig Tool

The X-gateway supports the HICP protocol used by the Anybus IP config tool and all Anybus products.

It is possible to see and alter the TCP/IP settings for the X-gateway manually by using the IPconfig Tool.

At start-up, the IP config tool presents a list of all Anybus products that are connected to the network. The list can be refreshed by clicking 'scan'. The X-gateway is identified in the list by its type 'Anybus X-gateway Modbus-TCP' or by its MAC address (found at the bottom of the module).

Right-clicking a row in the list makes it possible to either visit the web interface of the product, or bring up the configuration window. Double-clicking a row also brings up the configuration window.

8 Configure: 00-30-11-FF-02-36							
Ethernet configura	ation						
IP address:	10 . 10 . 12 . 61	DHCP					
Subnet mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0	(• On					
	I	C Off					
Default gateway:	10 . 10 . 12 . 254						
Primary DNS:							
Secondary DNS:							
Hostname:							
Password:		Change password					
New password:							
		Set Cancel					

In the configuration window the TCP/IP settings can be set or changed. Save the new settings by clicking 'set', or exit without saving by clicking 'cancel'.

Note: the IPconfig tool provides the opportunity to set a username and a password. The X-gateway, however, will not accept any configuration changes where the password has been altered.

Note: if the X-gateway configuration is protected by a password, it is not possible to alter the TCP/IP settings.

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