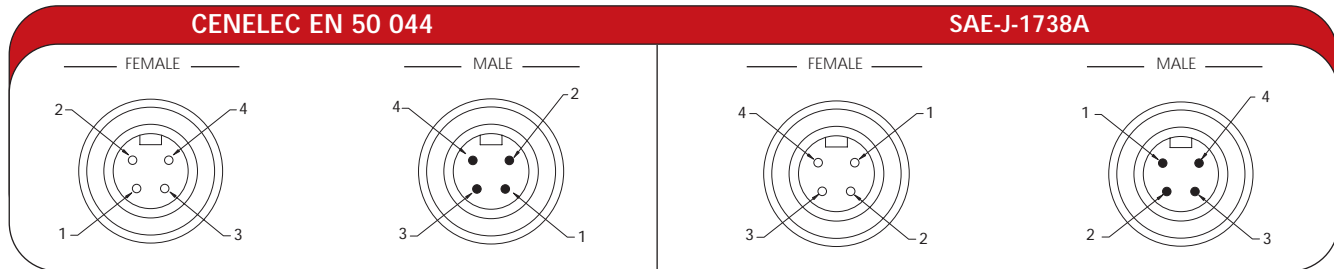


### Pin Numbering Conventions:

There are two conventions that determine which PIN numbers are located with respect to the keyway. These are **CENELEC EN 50 044** and **SAE-J-1738A**.

In almost every case, except for 4-pole Mini-Change® connections, these two conventions agree with one another. This affects DeviceNet™ installations where the 4-pole Mini-Change connector is used to bring auxiliary power to I/O modules and other devices.

The two pinout conventions are shown below. While Brad Harrison® pins out its DeviceNet 4-pole Mini-Change auxiliary power connections per the SAE convention as standard, conventional CENELEC versions are available.



### Terms and Definitions:

#### 10BASE-T (as a transmission medium)

A network running at 10 Mbps, using baseband technology and twisted pair cabling.

#### 10BASE-T (as a wiring sequence)

A variation of 568A wiring, omitting the two wire pairs used for voice transmission.

#### 100BASE-F

A network running at 100 Mbps, using baseband technology and fiber-optic cabling.

#### 100BASE-T

A network running at 100 Mbps, using baseband technology and twisted pair cabling.

#### 110 Punchdown Block

A standard Insulation Displacement Connection (IDC) used to field terminate cable to a receptacle.

#### 802.3

The upper level IEEE working group responsible for the standards associated with Ethernet and other CSMA/CD networks.

#### Active or Intelligent Device

Devices that can be connected as nodes, with unique MAC IDs, to a DeviceNet™ system. These devices can provide diagnostics including troubleshooting.

#### Application Layer

The software portion of a bus which determines the system's attributes. For DeviceNet™, defines how identifiers are assigned (controlling priorities) and how a CAN data field is used to specify services, move data and determine that data's meaning.

#### Arbitration (mechanism)

Resolves potential network conflicts between nodes without loss of data or bandwidth. For DeviceNet™, a bit wise, non-destructive arbitration method is used.

#### ASI

Actuator Sensor Interface.

#### ASIC

Application-Specific Integrated Circuit – A semiconductor designed to perform a particular function by defining the interconnection of a set of basic building blocks drawn from a library provided by the circuit manufacturer.

#### Assembly Object

Differing application objects grouped into a single attribute which can be moved with a single message.

#### Attenuation

Amplitude dissipation of an electrical signal as it travels over distance, expressed in decibels.

#### AUTOBAUD

Feature on DeviceNet™ active devices that sets their data rate to the correct value when connected to an existing network.

#### Auto-Negotiate (Auto-Sense)

Part of the 802.3u specification which details how devices at either end of a link advertise to the other their connection mode (speed and duplex that can be supported). Should both devices be equipped with Auto-Negotiate (vendor optional), they will select the highest common protocol for communication. Also referred to as Auto-Sense.

#### AWG

American Wire Gauge – A standard used to define the physical size of a conductor determined by its circular mil area (1 mil = .001).

#### AWM

Appliance Wiring Material.

#### Baseband

A communication network that transmits data over a single carrier frequency.

#### Baud

A data transmission measurement for modems.

#### Baud Rate

Measurement of data transfer speed (1 baud = 1bit per second).

#### Bit

A single character of a language having just two characters, as either of the binary digits 0 or 1.

#### Bit Bus

A bus architecture that communicates the minimum amount of information possible through a bus. Does not accommodate diagnostics.

#### Bus

A parallel circuit that connects the major components of an architecture, allowing the transfer of electric impulses from one connected component to any other.

#### Byte

A sequence of 8 bits (enough to represent one character of alphanumeric data) processed as a single unit of information.

#### CAN

Controller Area Network – An ASIC used by DeviceNet™ and Smart Distributed Systems.

#### Capacitance

Storage of electrically separated charges between two plates (or wires). Unbalance, in the case of a data wire pair, results in the transfer of unwanted signals.

**Category 5/E**

A TIA/EIA rating system that describes the physical properties of the communication channel in relation to its performance at specific communication speeds.

**Change-of-State**

Type of messaging where the device produces data only when there is a change.

**CL2**

Designation of cable which meets the vertical tray flame test for class 2 systems.

**Collision Domain**

The group of nodes that are attached to the network in such a way that only one of those nodes can be transmitting at any one time. Nodes connected together using repeater hubs usually belong to a single collision domain, while those attached by a switching hub are generally isolated from the collision domain.

**Composite Cable**

A cable consisting of two or more types or sizes of wire.

**CRC**

Cyclic Redundancy Code – An error correction code that is recorded in each sector of a magnetic disk and used to catch errors in data.

**CSA**

Canadian Standards Association.

**CSMA/CD**

Carrier Sense Multiple Access/Collision Detect – The media access method used in Ethernet architectures. All network nodes are able to detect the presence of a signal on the channel (Carrier Sense). Once the network is clear, all nodes with something to transmit vie equally for access to the channel (Multiple Access). If a node detects another signal during its transmission, the signals collide, both nodes back-off and retry at a random amount of time later (Collision Detect).

**Cyclic Option**

The device set-up to report its data on a regular basis, consistent with the rate of change it can detect.

**Daisy Chain**

A bus wiring scheme in which, for example, device A is wired to device B, device B is wired to device C, etc. All devices may receive identical signals or, in contrast to a simple bus, each device in the chain may modify one or more signals before passing them down the line.

**Device Object**

A DeviceNet™ product will have a single instance of a DeviceNet™ object. The instance will have the following attributes: node, address (MAC ID), baud rate, bus-off action, bus-off center, allocation choice and MAC ID.

**Device Profile**

Fully defines the device as viewed from the network. DeviceNet™ specifications contain such profiles.

**Diagnostics**

Relaying of information regarding the various states or conditions of certain controls back to the PLC or PC.

**Drain Wire**

In a cable, an uninsulated wire laid over components and used as a ground connection.

**Drop Cable**

Cable that exits a trunk cable and runs to a control.

**EDS (Electronic Data Sheet)**

An electronic version of a device's configurable parameters and public interfaces to the correct parameters.

**Ethernet/IP**

A networking protocol which uses Ethernet for the physical and media access layer, and incorporates the CIP (Controller Information Protocol) from DeviceNet™ as the application layer.

**Explicit Messages**

Provide a multi-purpose pt-pt commission path between two devices. These messages are typically used for low-priority identifiers and contain the specific meaning of the message right in the data field. This usually means the service to be performed, as well as the specific object attribute address, is imbedded herein.

**Fast Ethernet**

An Ethernet network operating at 100 Mbps.

**Fiber-Optic Cable**

A transmission medium using a central glass fiber which transmits digital signals, generated from a laser or LED, expressed as light pulses.

**FT1**

A vertical flammability rating for wires and cable developed by CSA.

**FT4**

A vertical flammability rating for wires and cable developed by CSA that is more severe than FT1.

**Full-Duplex Media**

Supports both transmission and reception of a signal at the same time. These nodes effectively double their available bandwidth.

**Horizontal Cross-Connect**

A cabling system that extends from communications equipment to the work area outlet.

**Hub**

The focal point in a messaging handling service, a number of local computers might exchange messages solely with a hub (or focal point) computer. Would be responsible for exchanging messages with other hubs and non-local computers.

**Hz**

Hertz – Cycles per second.

**I/O**

Input/Output

**I/O Messages**

Apply to time-critical, control-oriented data. They provide a dedicated, special purpose commission path between producers and consumers of data on a network.

**Identity Object**

Typically, a single instance for each DeviceNet™ product. Attributes will be vendor ID, device type, product code, revision, status, S/N, product name and statistics.

**IEC**

International Electro-technical Commission.

**Impedance**

The apparent resistance in an electrical circuit to the flow of an alternating current, similar to the actual electrical resistance to a direct current, keeping the ratio of electromotive force to the current.

**Interoperability**

The ability of two or more differing systems or controls to communicate.

**IP**

Internet Protocol – The Network Layer, 24-bit addressing scheme used by most Ethernet networks

**ISO**

International Standards Organization.

**MAC ID**

Assigned as the address of nodes on a DeviceNet™ network. DeviceNet™ uses a device address inside the CAN identifier field and it represents a mechanism for detecting duplicated addressed devices.

**Master/Slave**

Stand-alone authorization to transmit belongs exclusively to one station (master), while other stations (slaves) transmit only upon request.

**Media Access Control**

Layer two of the OSI model defines the mechanisms used to determine access to the communication channel.

**Message**

A packet of information that is delivered to and from a control comprised of bits and/or bytes.

**Message Router Object**

An element of a component that passes explicit messages to other objects.

**NEMA**

National Electrical Manufacturers Association.

**Network**

A system of computers and other devices interconnected by telephone wires or other means in order to share information.

**NEXT**

Near End Cross Talk – The level of unwanted signal transferred from the transmitting wires to the receiving wires measured on the transmitting end. The specification is in decibels and refers to the maximum amount of signal that will be ignored, meaning the higher the decibel rating the better the specification. The same specification measured on the receiving end is referred to as Far End Cross Talk (FEXT).

**Nodes**

Used to describe a single control or address and its supporting components.

**Object**

DeviceNet™ node that is modeled via software as a collection of objects. Objects provide an abstract replication of a particular component within a product.

**Object Model**

Provides a template for organizing and implementing attributes, services and behaviors of components of DeviceNet™ products.

**Open Architecture/Network**

A protocol that is available to and open to the public without purchase of a licensing agreement.

**Open Style Connector**

Approved connector style for DeviceNet™ where low-cost in panel connection to devices is required. It allows for the simple daisy-chaining of multiple devices.

**Open Systems Interconnect (OSI) Model**

The International Standards Organization definition of the 7 communication layers that must be supported in a device for it to share network services with similar and dissimilar devices.

**Parameter Object**

Used in devices with configurable parameters. One instance would be presented for each configurable parameter. The parameter object provides a standard way for a configuration tool to access all of the parameters; including values, ranges, text strings and limits.

**PE (Cellular)**

Expanded or foam polyethylene.

**Peer-to-Peer**

One control communicated directly with another control.

**Physical Layer**

Layer consisting of sensors, actuators, cables and other control devices.

**PLC**

Programmable Logic Controller.

**Profibus DP**

A polling Profibus network, whereby the assigned master requests the status of each node.

**Profibus FMS**

A Profibus network which supports both peer-to-peer and master-to-master messaging format.

**Profibus PA**

A Profibus network that provides both data and power over the same two wires in accordance with IEC 1158-2. Typically used in intrinsically safe applications.

**Protocol**

Language and logic utilized in software to address a control for communications between two devices or processes.

**PVC**

Polyvinyl Chloride. A general purpose thermoplastic widely used in wire/cable jacketing.

**Real Time**

The immediate performance of an activity/command.

**Response Time**

Time necessary to receive a response or trigger an activity from PLC to the control.

**RJ-11**

A 4- or 6-pin modular connector used with twisted pair cable primarily in telephony applications, but also applicable in some datacom applications.

**RJ-45**

An 8-pin modular connector used with twisted pair cable in datacom or datacom/telephony applications

**Round Media**

Two twisted pair wires (24VDC power and signal) plus drain in one cable per DeviceNet™ standards.

**SAB**

Sensor/Actuator Bus – Integration of several sensors and actuators on one cable.

**Sealed style of connector**

Molded quick-connect/disconnect style of connectors approved for DeviceNet™ installations which allow network devices to be simply added or replaced. Used when devices are exposed to a factory environment and reduced installation time and elimination of miss-wirings are critically important considerations.

**Shield**

A metallic layer applied over a group of wires to prevent interference between the enclosed wires and external fields or noise.

**Smart Sensors**

Sensors that have an ASIC embedded directly in/on the control.

**Star Topology**

A communication network based upon individual nodes connected to a central hub device that receives and directs all transmissions. (See Topology).

**STP**

Shielded Twisted Pair – a wire used in certain SAB applications.

**Switching Hub**

A device that interconnects network segments at the data link layer.

**TIA 568A/B**

Standard 8-pin wiring sequences which defines the position of the individual transmit and receive pairs and the color code used for each wire.

**TIA/EIA**

Telecommunications Industry Association/Electronic Industry Association – A standards organization which sets guidelines for structured cabling systems used in commercial premises.

**Topology**

The arrangement in which the nodes of a LAN are connected to each other.

**Transceiver**

The component in the node that is responsible for the interface to the network.

**Trunk Cable**

Also known as Bus Cable, it is the main or power and communications cable.

**UL**

Underwriter's Laboratories.

**UTP**

Unshielded Twisted Pair – wire used in certain SAB applications.

**Velocity of Propagation**

A function of the dielectric constant, expressed as a percent of transmission speed of a signal down the wire as compared to free space.

**VW-1**

Vertical wire flame test rating.

**Protection Codes**

**F0** Protection against solid bodies larger than 1mm. No liquid protection defined.

**F5** Dust tight. Protection against water spray from all directions at 43 PSI through a 12mm nozzle.

**F8** Dust tight. Protection against the effects of immersion in water for 30 minutes at a depth of 1 meter.

**F9** Dust tight. Protection against the effects of indefinite immersion in water at a pressure specified by the manufacturer. The manufacturer's specifications must be known if a valid comparison is to be made.

**National Electrical Code -** Although the NEC covers wire and cable installed in factories, office buildings, etc as well all cable which pass through any floor, wall ceiling or which travel in ducts, plenums and other air handling spaces, each individual municipality, city, county or state can decide whether or not they wish to adopt the NEC as governing law.

**(National Fire Protection Association)**

**(National Electrical Manufacturers Association)** Defines the degree of protection in the actual test specifications.

**NEMA** Enclosures are intended for use primarily to provide a degree of protection against limited amounts of falling dirt.

**NEMA** Enclosures are intended for outdoor use primarily to provide a degree of protection against windblown dust, rain, sleet and external ice formation.

**NEMA** Enclosures are intended for indoor or outdoor use primarily to provide a degree of protection against windblown dust, rain, sleet, splashing water, hosedown and external ice formation.

**NEMA** Enclosures are intended for indoor or outdoor use primarily to provide a degree of protection against the entry of water during occasional temporary submersion at a limited depth.

**NEMA** Enclosures are intended for indoor or outdoor use primarily to provide a degree of protection against the entry of water during prolonged submersion at a limited depth.

**Underwriters Laboratories**

Designated Underwriters Laboratories "UL Listed" and "UL Recognized", respectively. UL is a nationally recognized laboratory that tests many products to meet safety standards that are defined in their own and other industry specifications.

**Clearance Distances**

Defines the minimum creepage distances of the equipment to prevent hazardous electrical current and voltage for persons and objects. Isolation Class C includes the equipment mainly designed for industrial and agricultural applications in warehouses without heating, in workshops or machine tools.

**Flammability**

A flammability rating established by Underwriters Laboratories for wires and cables that pass a specially designed vertical flame test.

















# IP Ratings Table - Definition

CODE LETTER (INTERNATIONAL PROTECTION)      FIRST INDEX FIGURE (FOREIGN BODIES PROTECTION)      SECOND INDEX FIGURE (WATER PROTECTION)

**IP**

**6**

**5**

INDEX FIGURE	DEGREE OF PROTECTION			INDEX FIGURE	DEGREE OF PROTECTION		
<b>0</b>	No protection		No Protection against accidental contact, no protection against foreign bodies	<b>0</b>	No protection		No Protection against water
<b>1</b>	Protection against large foreign bodies		Protection against contact with any large area by hand and against large solid bodies with $\varnothing > 50\text{mm}$	<b>1</b>	Drip-Proof		Protection against vertical water drips
<b>2</b>	Protection against medium sized foreign bodies		Protection against contact with the fingers, protection against small foreign solid bodies with $\varnothing > 12\text{mm}$	<b>2</b>	Drip-Proof		Protection against water drips (up to a 15° angle)
<b>3</b>	Protection against small solid foreign bodies		Protection against tools wires, or similar objects with $\varnothing > 2.5\text{mm}$ protection against small foreign solid bodies with $\varnothing > 2.5\text{mm}$	<b>3</b>	Spray-proof		Protection against water drips (up to a 60° angle)
<b>4</b>	Protection against grain-shaped foreign bodies		As 3 however $\varnothing > 1\text{mm}$	<b>4</b>	Spray-proof		Protection against splashed water from all directions
<b>5</b>	Protection against deposits of dust		Full protection against contact. Protection against interior equipment damage due to dust deposits	<b>5</b>	Hose-proof		Protection against splashed water (out of a nozzle) from all directions
<b>6</b>	Protection against ingress of dust		Total protection against contact. Protection against penetration of dust	<b>6</b>	Protected against flooding		Protection against temporary flooding
				<b>7</b>	Protected against immersion		Protected against temporary immersion
				<b>8</b>	Water-tight		Protected against water pressure

∅ = diameter of foreign body

<b>Dvicebit</b>	DND33A-Mxxx	.48	DN6000	.36	114011A-PM-3	.70
	DND39A-Mxxx	.48	DN6100	.38	115010A	.34
DNAPT	DND40-Mxxx	.56	DN8000	.36	115011A-PM-1	.32
DNETAUXPT	DND41A-Mxxx	.56	DN5000-Mxxx	.22	115011A-PM-3	.32
DNETAUXPT-PM-1	DND42A-Mxxx	.56	DN5100-Mxxx	.22	115032A	.34
DNETAUXPT-PM-3	DND43A-Mxxx	.56	DN5210A-Mxxx	.26	115060A	.34
DNETEXT-C	DND49A-Mxxx	.56	DN5290A-Mxxx	.26	4R5F560005	.58
DNESJ	DND91A-Mxxx	.60	DN5301A-Mxxx	.26	4R5F570005	.58
DNESJ	DND92A-Mxxx	.50	DN5309A-Mxxx	.26	4R5P00D12C305	.58
DN-MTR	DND93A-Mxxx	.50	DN91A-Mxxx	.24	4R5P06D12C305	.58
DN-MTR-BAG	DND4000	.62	DN99A-Mxxx	.24	405000D12Mxxx	.52
DN-SPAUX	DND4100	.62	MICT555	.30	405001D12Mxxx	.52
DN-SPNET	DND4200	.60	TBDDN-444N-88U	.14	405006D12Mxxx	.52
DNDC302A-Mxxx	DND4300-02	.60	TBDDN-444P-88U	.14	405007D12Mxxx	.52
DNDC303A-Mxxx	DND4500-02	.60	TBDDN-480N-80U	.14	445030D12Mxxx	.52
DNDC220A-Mxxx	DND5304-Mxxx	.56	TBDDN-480P-80U	.14	445031D12Mxxx	.52
DNDC230A-Mxxx	DND6000	.62	TBDDN-880N-804	.14	445032D12Mxxx	.52
DNDC304-Mxxx	DND6100	.62	TBDDN-880P-804	.14	445033D12Mxxx	.52
DNDF00A-M500	DND8000	.62	TCDDN-8D0N-10U	.12	485030D12Mxxx	.52
DNDF00A-T100	DND8200	.60	TCDDN-8D0P-10U	.12	485031D12Mxxx	.52
DNDG00A-M500	DND8300-02	.60	TCDDN-888N-11U	.12	485032D12Mxxx	.52
DNDG00A-T100	DND8500-02	.60	TCDDN-888P-11U	.12	485033D12Mxxx	.52
DNYG001	DN-PT1	.72	1A4000-34	.66	67-0065	.28
DNB00A-M500	DN-PT2	.72	1A4006-34	.66	67-0075	.28
DNB00A-T100	DN-PT3	.72	1A5000-34DN	.42	8A4000-32	.68
DNE00A-M500	DN00A-M500	.18	1A5006-34DN	.42	8A4006-32	.68
DNE00A-T100	DN00A-T100	.18	1R4000A20xxxx	.66	8A5000-32DN	.64
DNF00A-M500	DN01A-Mxxx	.22	1R4000A39xxxx	.66	8A5006-32DN	.64
DNF00A-T100	DN09A-Mxxx	.22	1R4006A20xxxx	.66	8R4A00A18A120	.68
DND00A-M500	DN10A-Mxxx	.22	1R4006A39xxx	.66	8R4L30	.68
DND00A-T100	DN11A-Mxxx	.24	1R4030	.66	8R5L30	.58
DND02A-Mxxx	DN19A-Mxxx	.24	1R5030	.28	8R5L500005-35	.58
DND03A-Mxxx	DN40-Mxxx	.56	104000A01Mxxx	.66	8R5L510005-35	.58
DND100	DN90A-Mxxx	.22	104000A38Mxxx	.66	8R5L560005-35	.58
DND101	DN91A-Mxxx	.60	104001A01Mxxx	.66	8R5L570005-35	.58
DND12A-Mxxx	DN100L	.40	104001A38Mxxx	.66	804000xxxMxxx	.68
DND13A-Mxxx	DN100	.40	104006A01Mxxx	.66	804001xxxMxxx	.68
DND150	DN150L	.40	104006A38Mxxx	.66	804006xxxMxxx	.68
DND151	DN150	.40	104007A01Mxxx	.66	804007xxxMxxx	.68
DND20A-Mxxx	DN2100	.38	104007A38Mxxx	.66	81611	.58
DND21A-Mxxx	DN3020	.30	114030A01Mxxx	.66	81612	.58
DND22A-Mxxx	DN3020CAP	.30	114030A38Mxxx	.66	845030D12Mxxx	.52
DND23A-Mxxx	DN3020PM-1	.32	114031A01Mxxx	.66	845031D12Mxxx	.52
DND29A-Mxxx	DN3020PM-3	.32	114031A38Mxxx	.66	845032D12Mxxx	.52
DND30A-Mxxx	DN3030-PT-1	.72	114032A01Mxxx	.66	845033D12Mxxx	.52
DND3020	DN3200	.30	114032A38Mxxx	.66	884030xxxMxxx	.68
DND31A-Mxxx	DN4000	.36	114033A01Mxxx	.66	884031xxxMxxx	.68
DND32A-Mxxx	DN4100	.38	114033A38Mxxx	.66	884032xxxMxxx	.68
					884033xxxMxxx	.68

<b>Pofba</b>	MM3G72PP4Mxxx . . . . .	.94	115032A01Mxxx . . . . .	.108	ERWAAU3000C050 . . . . .	.136
	MM3S60PP4Mxxx . . . . .	.96	115033A01Mxxx . . . . .	.108	ERWAAU7000C050 . . . . .	.136
BA5S00-32 . . . . .	MM3S62PP4Mxxx . . . . .	.96	51209-030 . . . . .	.112	ERWD2J30 . . . . .	.136
BA5S06-32 . . . . .	MM3S63PP4Mxxx . . . . .	.96	8A5000-32 . . . . .	.110	ERWD2U30 . . . . .	.136
BM5G30PP4Mxxx . . . . .	MP3G62PP4Mxxx . . . . .	.94	8A5006-32 . . . . .	.110	ERWD2U70 . . . . .	.136
BM5G31PP4Mxxx . . . . .	MP3G63PP4Mxxx . . . . .	.94	8R5A00A18A120 . . . . .	.110	ERWF2U70 . . . . .	.136
BM5G32PP4Mxxx . . . . .	MP3G72PP4Mxxx . . . . .	.94	8R5L30 . . . . .	.110	ERWPAU7003M006 . . . . .	.136
BM5G33PP4Mxxx . . . . .	MP3S62PP4Mxxx . . . . .	.96	805000xxxMxxx . . . . .	.110	ER1PADAPTER . . . . .	.136
BM5G60PP4Mxxx . . . . .	MP3S63PP4Mxxx . . . . .	.96	805001xxxMxxx . . . . .	.110	ER1PADAPTER90 . . . . .	.136
BM5G61PP4Mxxx . . . . .	M03S06PP4Mxxx . . . . .	.96	805006xxxMxxx . . . . .	.110	EWWA06003Mxxx . . . . .	.134
BM5G62PP4Mxxx . . . . .	M03S07PP4Mxxx . . . . .	.96	805007xxxMxxx . . . . .	.110	EWWA06010Mxxx . . . . .	.134
BM5G63PP4Mxxx . . . . .	PA9D0B-42 . . . . .	.106	81688-030 . . . . .	.100	EWWA06015Mxxx . . . . .	.134
BM5G70PP4Mxxx . . . . .	PA9D01-42 . . . . .	.106	81689-030 . . . . .	.100	EWWA06203Mxxx . . . . .	.134
BM5G72PP4Mxxx . . . . .	PA9S01-42 . . . . .	.106	85-0001 . . . . .	.85	EWWA06210Mxxx . . . . .	.134
BM5S30PP4Mxxx . . . . .	PBAPT . . . . .	.114	885030xxxMxxx . . . . .	.110	EWWA06215Mxxx . . . . .	.134
BM5S31PP4Mxxx . . . . .	PDS01 . . . . .	.102	885031xxxMxxx . . . . .	.110	EWWA06303Mxxx . . . . .	.134
BM5S32PP4Mxxx . . . . .	P03S07PP4Mxxx . . . . .	.96	885032xxxMxxx . . . . .	.110	EWWA06310Mxxx . . . . .	.134
BM5S33PP4Mxxx . . . . .	TBDPB-408P-B8U . . . . .	.82	885033xxxMxxx . . . . .	.110	EWWA06315Mxxx . . . . .	.134
BM5S60PP4Mxxx . . . . .	TBDPB-444N-B8U . . . . .	.82			E1AS00-52 . . . . .	.138
BM5S61PP4Mxxx . . . . .	TBDPB-444P-B8U . . . . .	.82	<b>Industrial Ethernet</b>		E1AS06-52 . . . . .	.138
BM5S62PP4Mxxx . . . . .	TBDPB-462N-B8U . . . . .	.82	DRL-EDS-OPC-BSC . . . . .	.140	E1WB03003M002 . . . . .	.134
BM5S63PP4Mxxx . . . . .	TBDPB-462P-B8U . . . . .	.82	DRL-EDS-OPC-ENT . . . . .	.140	E1WB03015M002 . . . . .	.134
BP5G32PP4Mxxx . . . . .	TBDPB-480N-B8U . . . . .	.82	DRL-EDS-OPC-EXP . . . . .	.140	E1WB03010M002 . . . . .	.134
BP5G33PP4Mxxx . . . . .	TBDPB-480P-B8U . . . . .	.82	DRL-002 . . . . .	.140	E10A00603Mxxx . . . . .	.130
BP5G62PP4Mxxx . . . . .	TBDPB-808P-B84 . . . . .	.82	DRL-111-xxx . . . . .	.140	E10A00610Mxxx . . . . .	.130
BP5G63PP4Mxxx . . . . .	TBDPB-844N-B84 . . . . .	.82	DRL-241-xxx . . . . .	.140	E10A00615Mxxx . . . . .	.130
BP5G72PP4Mxxx . . . . .	TBDPB-844P-B84 . . . . .	.82	DRL-250 . . . . .	.140	E10A00703Mxxx . . . . .	.130
BP5S32PP4Mxxx . . . . .	TBDPB-862N-B84 . . . . .	.82	DRL-280 . . . . .	.140	E10A00710Mxxx . . . . .	.130
BP5S33PP4Mxxx . . . . .	TBDPB-862P-B84 . . . . .	.82	DRL-281-xxx . . . . .	.140	E10A00715Mxxx . . . . .	.130
BP5S62PP4Mxxx . . . . .	TBDPB-880N-B84 . . . . .	.82	DRL-290 . . . . .	.140	E11A06003Mxxx . . . . .	.132
BP5S63PP4Mxxx . . . . .	TBDPB-880P-B84 . . . . .	.82	DRL-332-xxx . . . . .	.140	E11A06010Mxxx . . . . .	.132
BR5L30 . . . . .	TCDPB-8B4N-B1U . . . . .	.80	DRL-350 . . . . .	.140	E11A06015Mxxx . . . . .	.132
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BR5U76PP4Mxxx3 . . . . .	TCDPB-8C2N-B1U . . . . .	.80	DRL-380 . . . . .	.140	E11A06203Mxxx . . . . .	.132
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